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# Arab leaders discuss alternative to Trump Gaza plan at Saudi Arabia meet

Egypt, Jordan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, UAE, Kuwait and Bahrain seek to hash out plan to avoid Palestinian displacement.



Saudi Crown Prince Mohammed Bin Salman stands with Jordan's King Abdullah, Egyptian President Abdel Fattah el-Sisi, Qatari Emir Sheikh Tamim bin Hamad Al Thani, UAE President Sheikh Mohammed bin Zayed Al Nahyan, Kuwaiti Emir Sheikh Meshal al-Ahmad Al Sabah and Bahrain's Crown Prince Salman bin Hamad Al Khalifa [Saudi Press Agency/Reuters]



21 Feb 2025

By Al Jazeera Staff

The leaders of seven Arab countries have <u>held talks</u> in Saudi Arabia in an attempt to hash out a plan for the future of Gaza.

The gathering on Friday in Riyadh was meant to respond to a <u>plan</u> raised by US President Donald Trump for the US to "take over" Gaza, permanently forcibly displace its residents and turn the Palestinian enclave into the "Riviera" of the Middle East.

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Arab leaders have <u>roundly rejected</u> Trump's proposal, saying it throws out decades of work towards Palestinian self-determination, treads on the rights of residents of Gaza and will perpetuate a regional cycle of violence.

They hope to present an alternative plan with unified support at a March 4 Arab League meeting in Cairo, Egypt.

Saudi Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman had called the Riyadh meeting, which was attended by Jordan's King Abdullah II, Egyptian President Abdel Fattah el-Sisi, Qatari Emir Sheikh Tamim bin Hamad Al Thani, UAE President Sheikh Mohammed bin Zayed Al Nahyan, Kuwaiti Emir Sheikh Meshal al-Ahmad Al Sabah and Bahrain Crown Prince Salman bin Hamad Al Khalifa.

No official account of the meeting had been released Friday by any of the countries involved, and it was not immediately clear if any details of a plan had been agreed to.

## Seeking a 'united front'

Reporting from Riyadh, Al Jazeera's Hashem Ahelbarra said Friday's meeting began with the presentation of a <u>reconstruction plan</u> developed by Egypt and envisioned as part of a three-phase ceasefire deal between Hamas and Israel.

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Only the first phase of that agreement, which has seen a pause in fighting and the exchange of captives, has so far been agreed to. A second phase would see a complete end of fighting, while a third phase aims to address rebuilding the devastated Palestinian enclave.

Ahelbarra said the Arab leaders are hoping to build off of the Egyptian plan before the Cairo meeting, so they can "put on a united front with a new proposal that can be easily sold to the Americans and the international audience".

"We're talking about extremely difficult things that could shape the entire region for many years to come," he said.

Still left to be decided was the question of how reconstruction would be funded in an Arab-led plan, he added. Earlier this week, the World Bank, United Nations and European Union said it cost over \$53bn to <u>rebuild Gaza</u>, including \$20bn in the first three years.

Any reconstruction plan also overlaps with the wider questions of political and security control of Gaza when the war ends, Ahelbarra said.

Speaking to Al Jazeera, former Egyptian Assistant Foreign Minister Hussein Haridy said the gathering comes at "a crucial moment for the Palestinians and for the Arab nations".

"Allow me to quote William Shakespeare, it's 'to be, or not to be' for the Arab world today," he said. "Because if the Trump proposal comes to carry the day, then that would be the end of the struggle – the Arab struggle and the Palestinian struggle – of seven decades."

Israel and many of its Western allies have rejected the prospect of Hamas remaining in control of the enclave following the war. Israel has also rejected the Palestinian Authority taking control of Gaza, despite more support from the international community for that possibility.

Observers say the urgency of reaching an agreement is particularly acute for Egypt and Jordan, who Trump has pressured to accept displaced Palestinians en masse.

The US president has threatened to withhold hundreds of millions of dollars in aid if they do not comply. Both countries have rejected the scheme.

# **Alternative to Trump**

For its part, Cairo has not publicly released its preliminary reconstruction plan.

However, former Egyptian diplomat Mohamed Hegazy had previously outlined a plan in what he described as "three technical phases over a period of three to five years".

A first six-month phase would focus on "early recovery" and the removal of debris, he said.

The second phase would see an international conference set out a detailed plan for restoring infrastructure and rebuilding Gaza.

A final phase would see the provision of housing and services and the establishment of a "political track to implement the two-state solution", he said, referring to eventual Palestinian statehood.

Speaking to Al Jazeera, Abdulaziz al-Ghashian, the director of research at Riyadhbased Observer Research Foundation Middle East, said all the countries involved in Friday's meeting are determining how to respond to an "administration in the United States that is almost proud of trying to support [Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin] Netanyahu blindly". "And we have a prime minister in Israel that is trying to really try his luck and maximise his effort," he said.

Al-Gashian said that any Arab-led plan "cannot discern between economy, politics and security", including a path to Palestinian self-determination.

"The reality is, all these things are very interconnected," he said. "And we need to start thinking about this in a more interconnected, synergetic way."

SOURCE: AL JAZEERA

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